



TDK-Lambda UK Limited
Kingsley Avenue, Ilfracombe
Devon, EX34 8ES, United
Kingdom
Tel: +44 (0) 1271 856600
Fax: +44 (0) 1271 864894
www.emea.lambda.tdk.com/uk

EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

EFE400M Series

We, TDK-Lambda UK Limited, of Kingsley Avenue, Ilfracombe, Devon, EX34 8ES declare under our sole responsibility that the TDK-Lambda EFE400M series of power supplies, as detailed on the attached products covered sheets, complies with the provisions of the following European Directives and is eligible to bear the CE mark:

Low Voltage Directive	2014/35/EU
EMC Directive	2014/30/EU
RoHS Directive	2011/65/EU
RoHS Directive (EU)	2015/863

Assurance of conformance of the described product with the provisions of the stated EC Directive is given through compliance to the following standards:

Electrical Safety (LVD)	EN62368-1:2014 + AC:2017 + A11:2017
Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)	EN61000-6-3:2007 + A1:2011 EN61000-6-2:2005 EN61204-3:2001 EN55024:2010 EN55032:2015

Our representative in the EU is TDK-Lambda Germany GmbH, located at Karl-Bold-Str. 40, 77885 Achern, Germany.

Note: The EMC performance of a component power supply will be affected by the final installation, compliance to the stated EMC standards and conformance to the EMC Directive must be confirmed after installation by the final equipment manufacturer. For guidance with respect to test conditions please visit our website at https://emea.lambda.tdk.com/EMC_Guidance or contact your local TDK-Lambda sales office.

Name of Authorized Signatory	Christopher Haas
Signature of Authorized Signatory	
Position of Authorized Signatory	Head of Quality & Compliance Europe
Date	25 September 2020
Date series first CE marked	2 February 2010
Place where signed	Achern, Germany

EFE400M PRODUCTS COVERED

EFE400M or EFE-400M models as described below:

Units may be marked with a Product Code: U6x or Y6x where x may be any number of characters.

Unit Configuration Code (Description :) may be prefixed by NS # followed by / or - (where # may be any number of characters indicating non- safety related model differences).

Unit Configuration Code:

EFE400Mxy-a-b-cdef-gh-i-j-klm

where:

x = Nothing or J for Japanese models (may have non-safety differences).

y = Blank for Y2 capacitors from output to earth
P for Y1 capacitors from output to earth
D for Class II (with Y1 capacitors)

a = Channel 1 output Voltage (see Ch1 in the table below, adjustment range column).

b = Standby voltage: see standby voltage in table below.

c = BC for cover and U chassis without fan grill, with fan fitted (temperature controlled). (Y60001x model only)
HN for Open frame, no fan, with 12V / 1A fan supply.
HU for U chassis (not EFE400MxD models), no fan, with 12V / 1A fan supply.
HC for Cover + chassis (not EFE400MxD models), no fan, with 12V / 1A fan supply.
EC for Cover + chassis (not EFE400MxD models), end fan (temp controlled).
NN for Open frame, no fan, no fan supply.
NU for U chassis (not EFE400MxD models), no fan, no fan supply.
NC for Cover + chassis (not EFE400MxD models), no fan, no fan supply.
HP for perforated cover, no fan, with 12V / 1A fan supply.
NP for perforated cover, no fan, no fan supply.

d = M for Molex KK type 41791 input connector or equivalent.
S for Molex Sabre type 43160 input connector or equivalent.

e = D for AC input with dual fusing.
F for AC/DC input with dual fusing.
E for single fuse input in the Live line.
G for single fuse input in the + line

f = L for low Leakage.
R for reduced Leakage.
T for tiny Leakage.
Z for EFE400MxD models (Class II).
where L < 300uA leakage, R < 150uA leakage and T < 75uA leakage.

g = Y for Oring FET included.
N for no Oring FET.

h = T for inhibit.
E for enable.

i = V for vertical output connector or nothing for horizontal output connector.

j = Nothing for standard channel 1 output voltage, xD or xPD where D is for units with programmed negative load regulation, PD is for units with programmed positive load regulation, x is the voltage of the regulation in 100mVolts

and is within the Output Adjustment range (example, 7D = 0.7V of negative load regulation, 18PD = 1.8V of positive load regulation).

klm = Three numbers from 0 to 9 which denotes various output voltage/current settings within the specified ranges of each output for a particular unit or blank for standard output settings. (may define non-safety related parameters/feature, e.g. reduced primary current limit, reduced OVP)

Input Parameters

Standard	60601-1
Nominal input voltage	100 - 240 Vac
Input voltage range	90 - 264Vac*
Input frequency range	45 - 63Hz
Maximum input current	6.1A rms

* Input de-rated, see variations and limitations below.

All ratings apply for ambient temperatures up to 50°C. (see variations and limitations below)

Output Parameters

There are three EFE400M standard models and two non-standard models with various options and output parameters shown in the tables below.

Standard models:

Output Channel	Vout Nom.	Adjustment Range (V)	Output Current (A)	Maximum Power (W)
Channel 1	12	11.4 - 13.2*	33.33	400 (530**)
	24	22.8 - 26.4*	16.67	400 (530**)
	48	47 - 50*	8.33	400 (470**)
Fan output (optional)	12	12	1	12
Standby output	5	5	2	10
	12	12 - 12.2*	1	12.2

Variations and limitations of use for Standard models:

1. Output power de-rated 1% per volt from 100V to 90V input (channel 1 power 360W at 90V input).
2. Output power further de-rated 2% per volt from 90V to 85V input (channel 1 power 320W at 85V input).
3. Maximum ambient 70°C (de-rating output power 2.5% per °C above 50°C).
4. * Can be adjusted at the factory only.
5. Maximum continuous power output 400W (including fan output).
6. ** Peak power for 10 seconds maximum, maximum rms power of 400Wrms:

Non-Standard Models:

Non- Standard model: Y60001# (# can be any letter) (EFE400M-48-5-BCSDL-NT)

Output Channel	Vout Nom.	Adjustment Range (V)	Output Current (A)	Maximum Power (W)
Channel 1	48	47 to 50*	8.33	400
Standby output	5	fixed	2	10

Variations and limitations of use for Non- Standard model Y60001#:

1. Output power de-rated 1% per volt from 100V to 90V input. (e.g. channel 1 power 360W at 90V input)
2. Maximum ambient 50°C.
3. * Can be adjusted at the factory only.

Cooling for units with customer supplied air (all models except -BC and -EC)

The following method must be used for determining the safe operation of PSUs.

The components listed in the following table must not exceed the temperatures given. To determine the component temperatures the heating tests must be conducted in accordance with the requirements of the standard in question.

Consideration should also be given to the requirements of other safety standards. Test requirements include: PSU to be fitted in its end-use equipment and operated under the most adverse conditions permitted in the end-use equipment handbook/specification and which will result in the highest temperatures in the PSU. To determine the most adverse conditions consideration should be given to the end use equipment maximum operating ambient, the PSU loading and input voltage, ventilation, end use equipment orientation, the position of doors & covers, etc. Temperatures should be monitored using type K fine wire thermocouples (secured with cyanoacrylate adhesive, or similar) placed on the hottest part of the component (out of any direct airflow) and the equipment should be run until all temperatures have stabilised.

Cooling for unit temperature table (see layout drawings below):

Circuit Ref.	Description	Max. Temperature (°C) †
J1	input connector	105 (75††)
C12, C8, C7	X cap	100
L1, L2	Common mode choke winding	130 (145)
L6	Series mode choke winding	130
TX1	Standby trx winding	130
U2, U3, U5, U6, U7	Opto-coupler	100
TX2	Primary, secondary windings and core	130
C5	Capacitor	85 (105)
C9	Boost capacitor	70 (105)
L3	Boost choke winding	130 (140)
L7	Channel 1 output choke	130
XQ225	Boost FET (ASY2 primary IMS)	125 (130)
Q2	Channel 1 output FET (ASY4 secondary IMS)	125 (130)
L8	Primary resonant choke (not 12V model)	130 (140)
J2	Output connector	105
XL701	1A fan output choke	110 (125)
C1, C11, C19, C20	Electrolytic capacitors	75 (105)

† The higher temperatures limits in brackets may be used but product life may be reduced.