TDK·Lambda

DPX60-xxSxx Single Output: DC-DC Converter Module
18 ~ 36 VDC and 36~ 75 VDC input; 3.3 to 24 VDC Single Output;
60 Watts Output Power

FEATURES

- NO MINIMUM LOAD REQUIRED
- HIGH EFFICIENCY UP TO 89%
- INPUT TO OUTPUT ISOLATION：1600VDC
- SCREW TERMINALS FOR INPUT AND OUTPUT CONNECTIONS
- RELIABLE SNAP-ON FOR DIN RAIL TS-35/7.5 OR TS-35/15
- CASE PROTECTION MEETS IP20(IEC60529)
- INPUT FUSE PROTECTION
- INPUT REVERSE POLARITY PROTECTION
- INPUT IN-RUSH CURRENT LIMIT CIRCUIT
- OUTPUT DC-OK INDICATOR
- 2:1 WIDE INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE
- FIXED SWITCHING FREQUENCY
- INPUT UNDER-VOLTAGE PROTECTION
- OUTPUT OVER-VOLTAGE PROTECTION
- OVER-CURRENT PROTECTION
- OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- REMOTE ON/OFF
- COMPLIANT TO RoHS II & REACH

CE MARKED
SAFETY MEETS: UL60950-1
                 EN60950-1
                 IEC60950-1

APPLICATIONS

- COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS
- INDUSTRY CONTROL SYSTEMs
- FACTORY AUTOMATIC EQUIPMENT
- SEMICONDUCTOR EQUIPMENT

OPTIONS

- REMOTE ON/OFF

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The DPX60-xxSxx series was designed for applications requiring din rail mountable DC-DC converters. Easy installation is provided with snap-on mounting to the DIN-rail. Internal circuits provide protection against reverse input voltage, input in-rush current, output short-circuit, output over-current, and output over-voltage conditions. A green LED at the front panel indicates the status of the output voltage.

Contents

Output Specifications					
Parameter	Model	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage	xxS3P3	3.251	3.3	3.349	
(Vin(nom); Full Load; Ta=25℃)	xxS05	4.95	5	5.05	
	xxS12	11.88	12	12.12	VDC
	xxS15	14.85	15	15.15	
	xxS24	23.76	24	24.24	
Output Regulation					
Line (Vin(min) to Vin(max); Full Load)	All	-0.5		+0.5	%
Load (0% to 100% of Full Load)	xxS3P3	-2.5		+2.5	
	Others	-1.5		+1.5	
Output Ripple and Noise					
Peak to Peak (20MHz Bandwidth)	xxS3P3		75	100	
	xxS05		75	100	
	xxS12		100	125	mVp-p
	xxS15		100	125	
	xxS24		130	180	
Voltage Adjustability					
	xxS24	-10		+20	% of Vout
	Others	-10		+10	
Temperature Coefficient	All	-0.02		+0.02	%/℃
Output Voltage Overshoot	All			5	% of Vout
(Vin(min) to Vin(max); Full Load; Ta=25℃)					
Dynamic Load Response					
(Vin(nom); Ta=25℃)					
Load step change from					
75% to 100% or 100 to 75% of Full Load					
Peak Deviation	xxS24		720		mV
	Others		200		mV
Settling Time (Vo＜10% peak deviation)	All		250		μs
Output Current	xxS3P3	0		14	
	xxS05	0		12	
	xxS12	0		5	A
	xxS15	0		4	
	xxS24	0		2.5	
Output Capacitance Load	xxS3P3			36000	
	xxS05			20400	
	xxS12			3550	μF
	xxS15			2300	
	xxS24			885	
Output Over Voltage Protection (see page 26)	xxS3P3	3.7		5.4	
(Zener diode clamp)	xxS05	5.6		7.0	
	xxS12	13.8		17.5	VDC
	xxS15	16.8		20.5	
	xxS24	30.0		33.0	
Output Indicator		Green LED			
Output Over Current Protection (see page 26)	All			150	% of FL
(% of Iout rated; Hiccup mode)					
Output Short Circuit Protection (see page 26)	All	Continuous, automatic recovery			

Input Specifications						
Parameter	Model	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
Operating Input Voltage						
Continuous	24Sxx	18	24	36	VDC	
	48Sxx	36	48	75		
Transient (100ms,max)	24Sxx			50		
	48Sxx			100		
Input Standby Current	24S3P3		104		mA	
(Vin(nom); No Load)	24S05		134			
	24S12		59			
	24S15		74			
	24S24		76			
	48S3P3		102			
	48S05		94			
	48S12		37			
	48S15		42			
	48S24		45			
Under Voltage Lockout Turn-on Threshold	24Sxx			17.5	VDC	
	48Sxx			34.5		
Under Voltage Lockout Turn-off Threshold	24Sxx		15		VDC	
	48Sxx		32			
Input Reflected Ripple Current (see page 26)	All		15		mAp-p	
(Vin(nom); Full Load)						
Start Up Time	All				ms	
(Vin(nom) and constant resistive load)						
Power up			100			
Remote ON/OFF			20			
Remote ON/OFF Control (see page 27)						
(The Ctrl pin voltage is referenced to negative input)						
Positive Logic (Optional)						
On/Off pin High Voltage (Remote ON)	xxSxx-P		Open or 3 ~ 12VDC			
On/Off pin Low Voltage (Remote OFF)			Short or 0 ~ 1.2VDC			
Negative Logic (Optional)						
On/Off pin Low Voltage (Remote ON)	xxSxx-**N**		Short or 0 ~ 1.2VDC			
On/Off pin High Voltage (Remote OFF)			Open or 3 ~ 12VDC			
Input Current of Remote Control Pin		-0.5		1.0	mA	
Remote Off State Input Current			4		mA	
Input Fuse (Slow Blow)	24Sxx		8		A	
	48Sxx		4			
In-rush Current			15		A	

General Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Efficiency	24S3P3		87		
(Vin(nom); Full Load; Ta=25℃)	24S05		88		
	24S12		88		
	24S15		88		
	24S24		87		%
	48S3P3		87		
	48S05		89		
	48S12		88		
	48S15		88		
	48S24		88		
Isolation Voltage (1 minute)					
Input to Output	All	1600			VDC
Input to Chassis, Output to Chassis		1600			
Isolation Resistance (500VDC)	All	1			GΩ
Isolation Capacitance	All			4000	pF
Switching Frequency	All	270	300	330	kHz
Safety Meets	All		IEC60950-1,UL60950-1, EN60950-1		
Weight	All		182		g
MTBF (see page 29)	All		5.296×10^5		hours
MIL-HDBK-217F Tc=70ºC, Full load					
Chassis Material	All		Aluminum		

Environmental Specifications

Parameter		Model	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature	Without derating	All	-40		+55	℃
	With derating	All	+55		+99	
Storage Temperature		All	-40		105	℃
Relative Humidity		All	5		95	% RH
Thermal Shock		All		MIL-STD-810F		
Vibration		All		IEC60068-2-6		

EMC Characteristics

Characteristic	Standard	Condition		Level
EMI	EN55022	Module stand-alone		Class B
ESD	EN61000-4-2	Air	±8kV	Perf. Criteria A
		Contact	±6kV	
Radiated Immunity	EN61000-4-3	10V/m		Perf. Criteria A
Fast Transient (see page 28)	EN61000-4-4	±2kV		Perf. Criteria A
Surge (see page 28)	EN61000-4-5	±1kV		Perf. Criteria A
Conducted Immunity	EN61000-4-6	10V r.m.s		Perf. Criteria A
Power Frequency Magnetic Field	EN61000-4-8	100A/m continuous; 1000A/m 1 second		Perf. Criteria A

Characteristic Curves

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-24S3P3
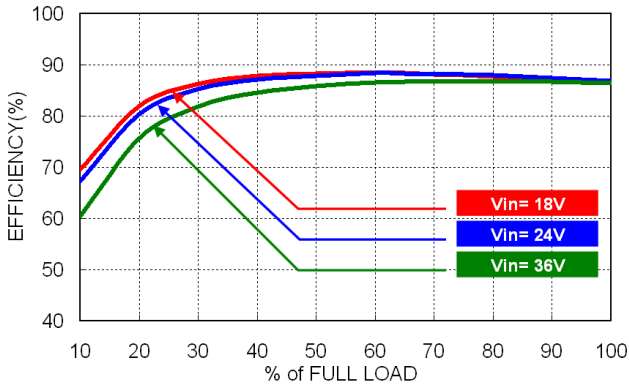
Efficiency versus Output Load
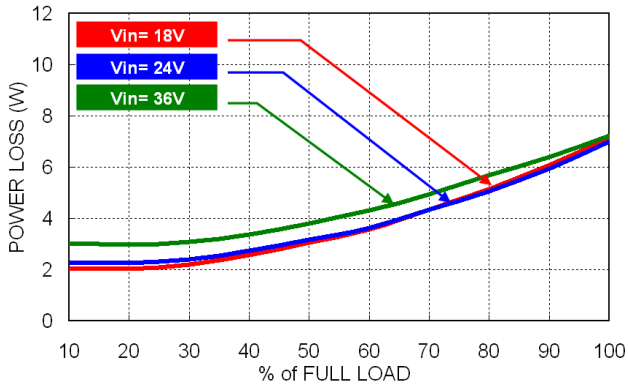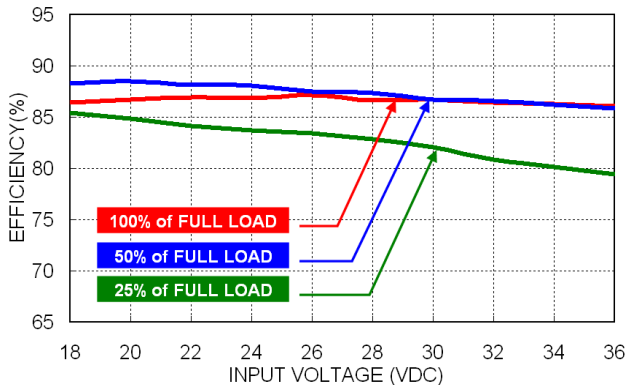
Power Dissipation versus Output Load

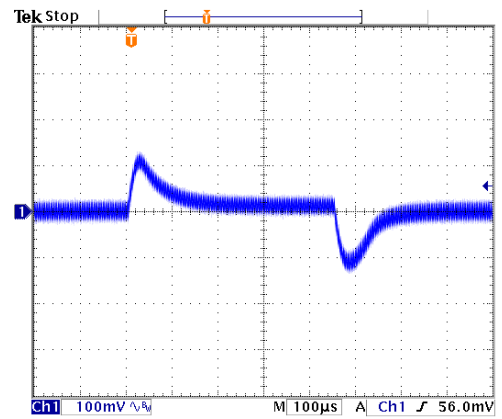Efficiency versus Input Voltage
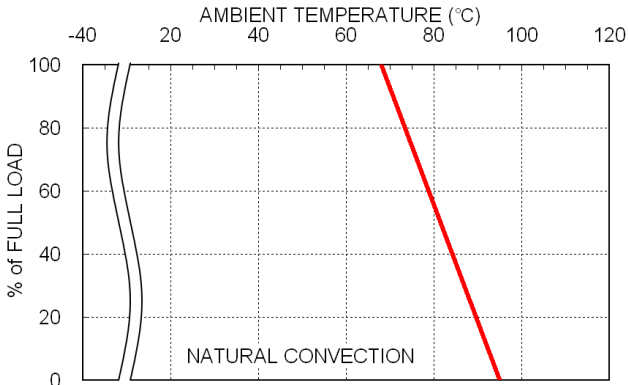
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
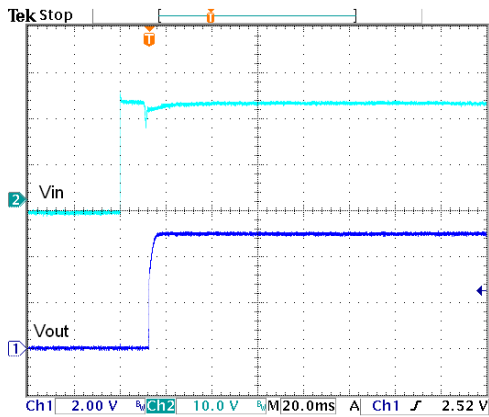Vin(nom)

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

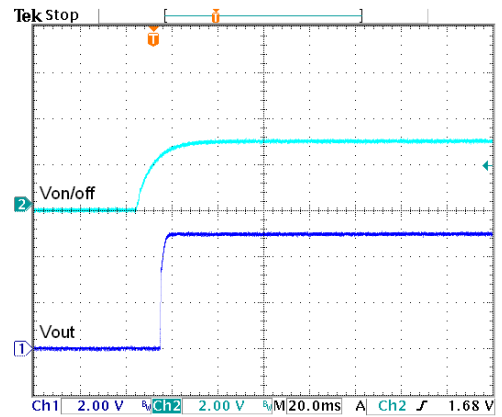All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-24S3P3

Typical Output Ripple and Noise.
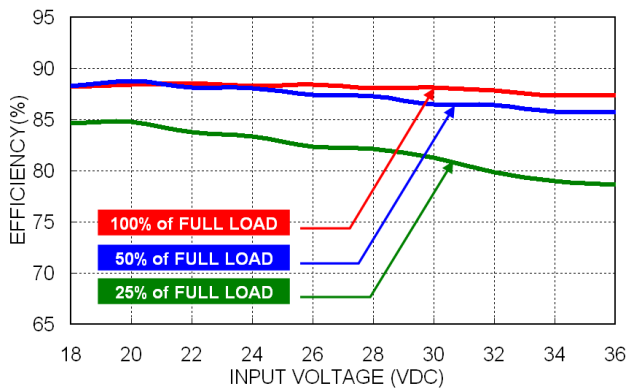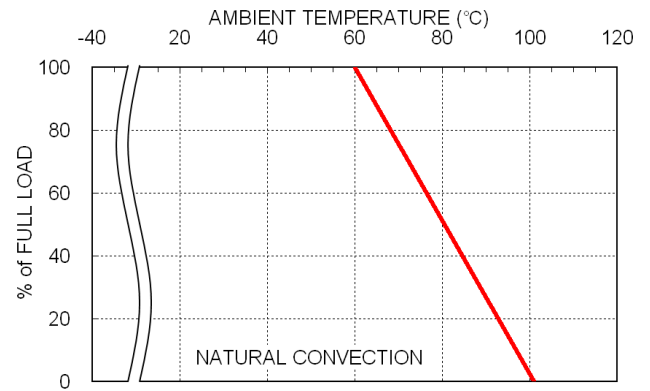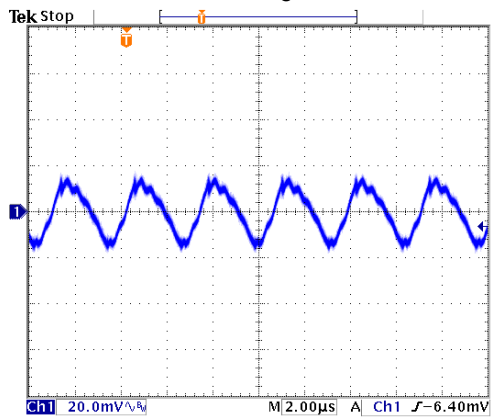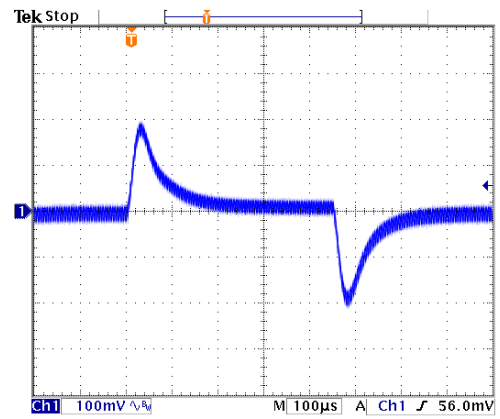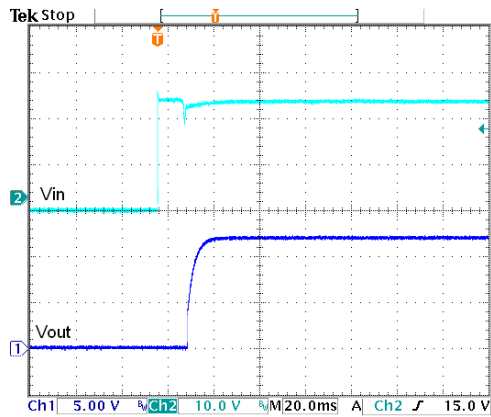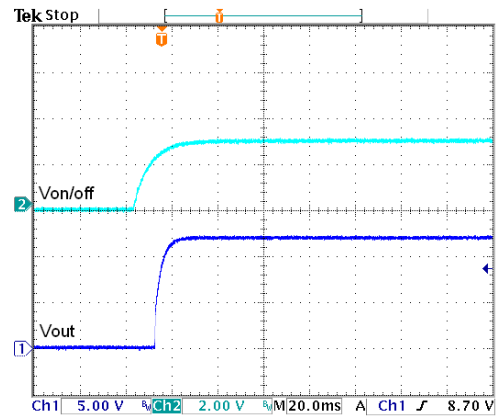Vin(nom); Full Load
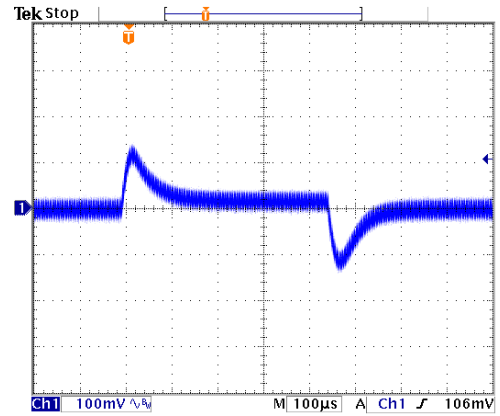
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from
100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load; Vin(nom)
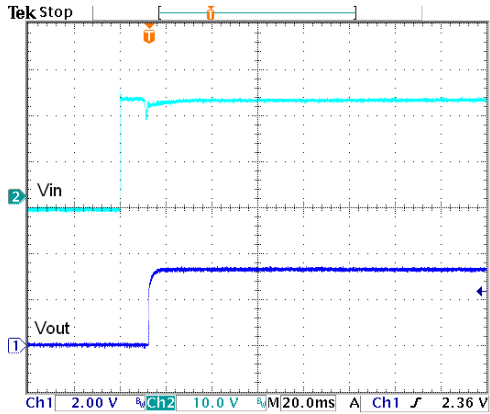
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load
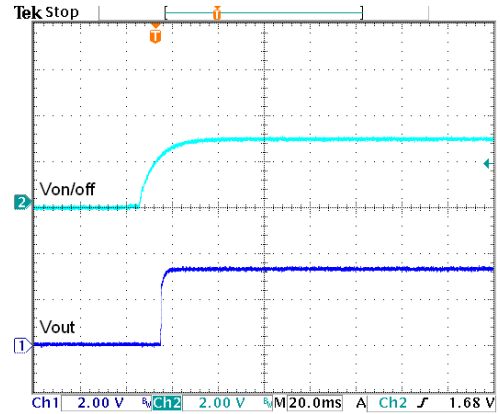
Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
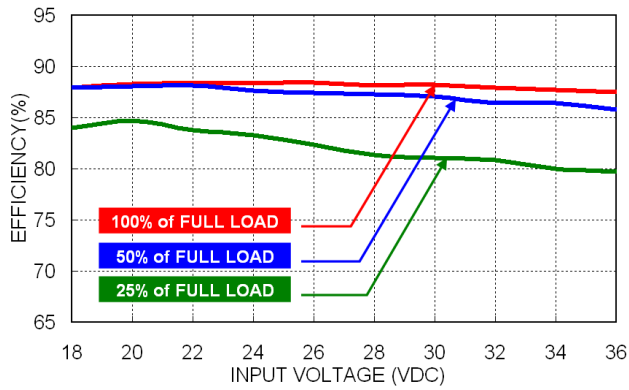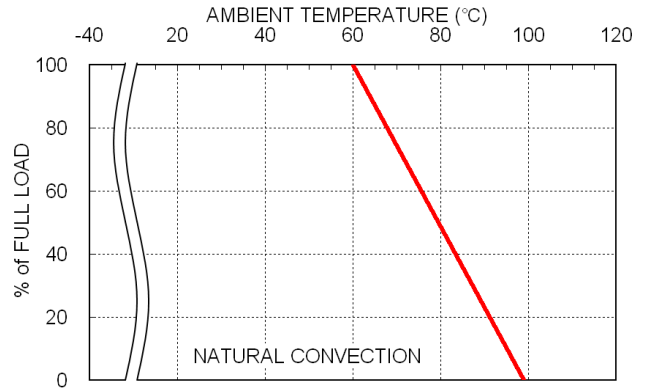Vin(nom); Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-24S05

Efficiency versus Output Load
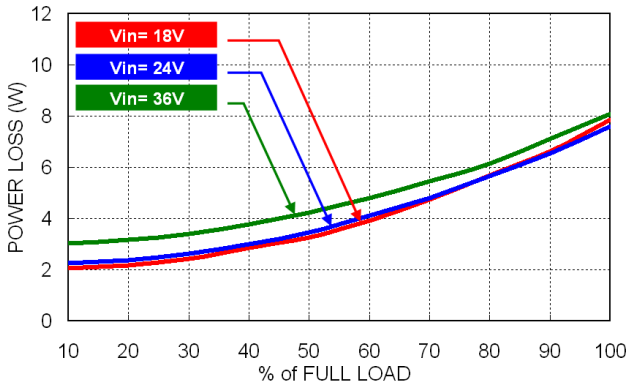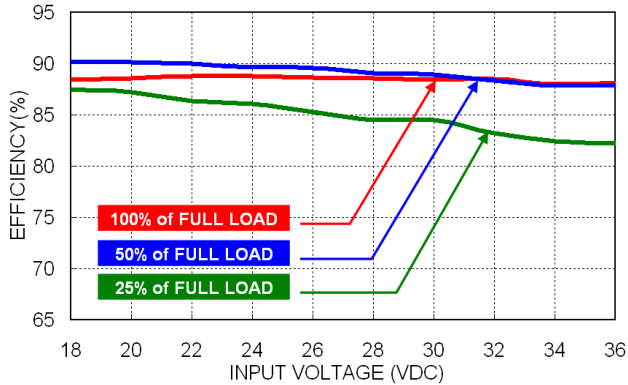
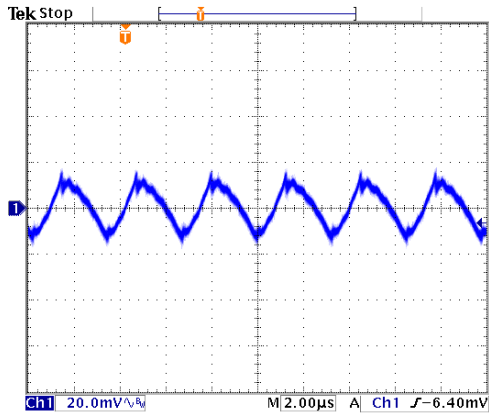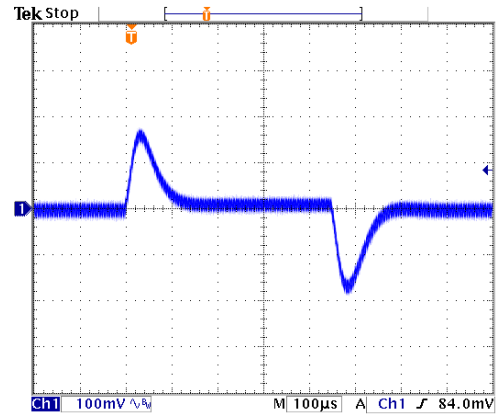Power Dissipation versus Output Load

Efficiency versus Input Voltage
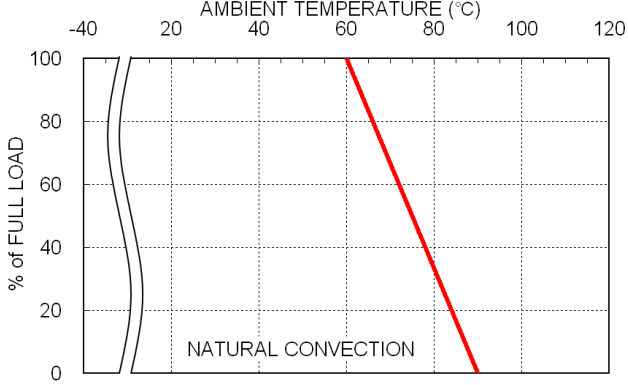
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
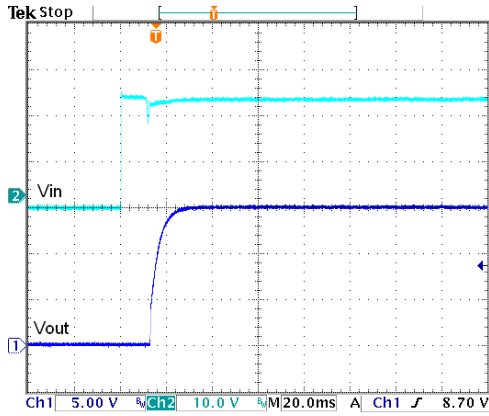Vin(nom)

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

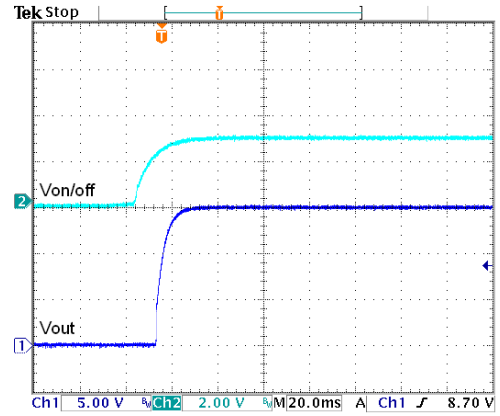All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-24S05

Typical Output Ripple and Noise.
Vin(nom); Full Load

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from
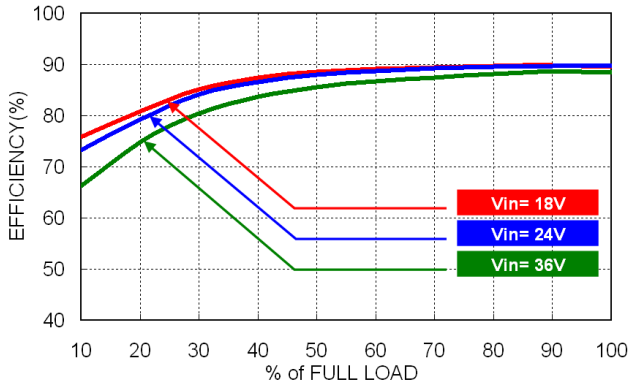100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load; Vin(nom)

Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
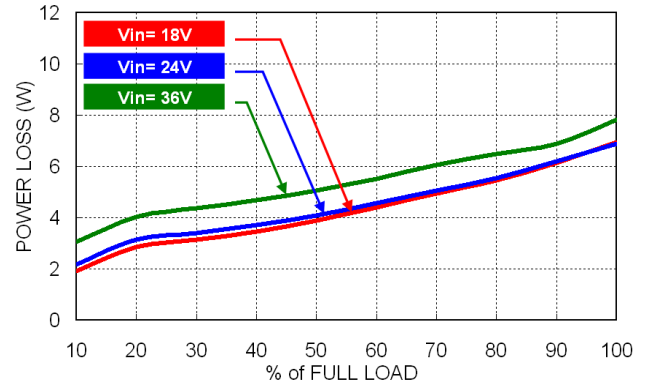Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load
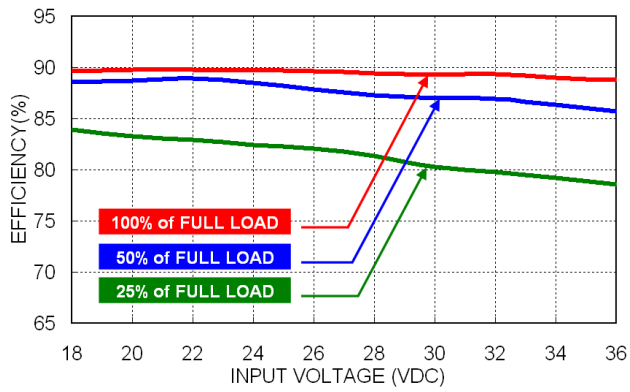
Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-24S12
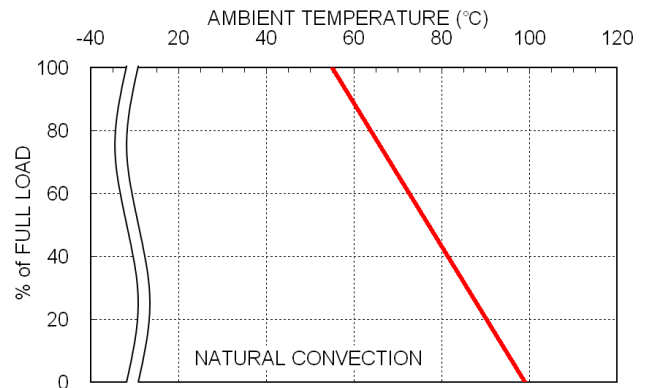

Efficiency versus Output Load
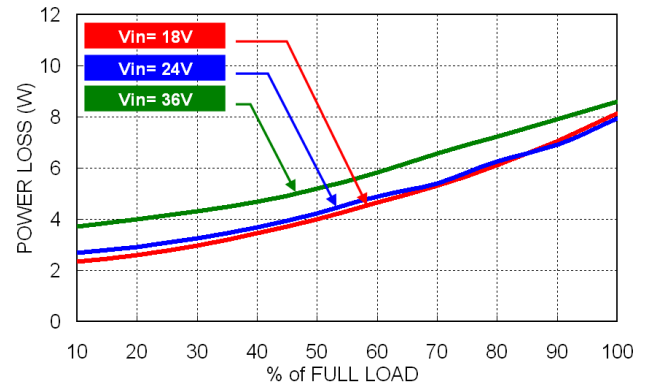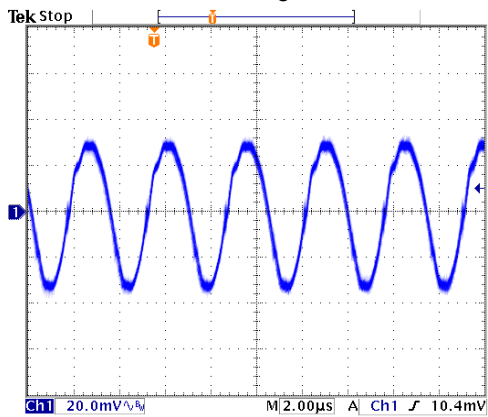

Power Dissipation versus Output Load
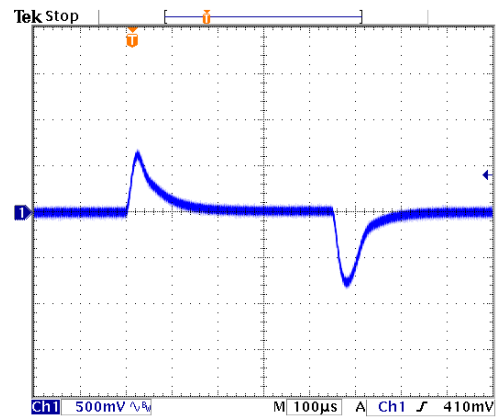

Efficiency versus Input Voltage

Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
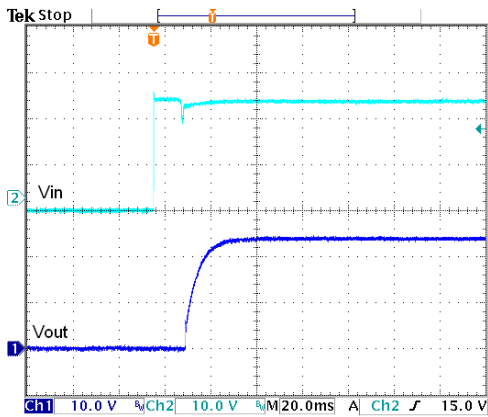Vin(nom)

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-24S12

Typical Output Ripple and Noise.
Vin(nom); Full Load

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from
100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load; Vin(nom)

Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-24S15

Efficiency versus Output Load
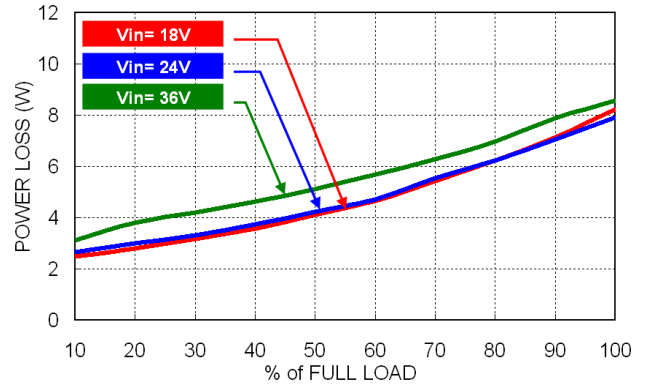
Power Dissipation versus Output Load

Efficiency versus Input Voltage

Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
Vin(nom)

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

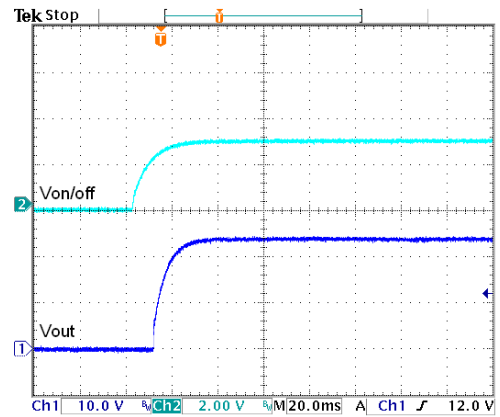All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-24S15

Typical Output Ripple and Noise.
Vin(nom); Full Load

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from
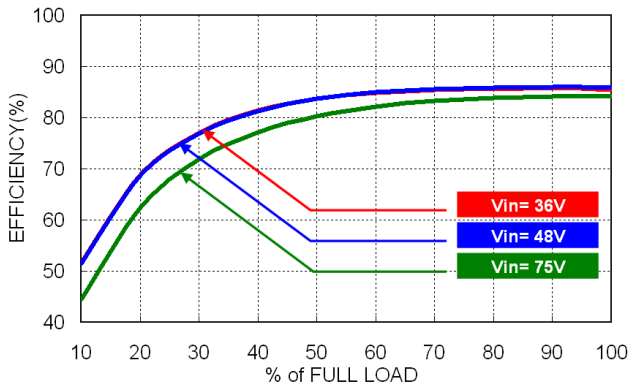100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load; Vin(nom)

Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
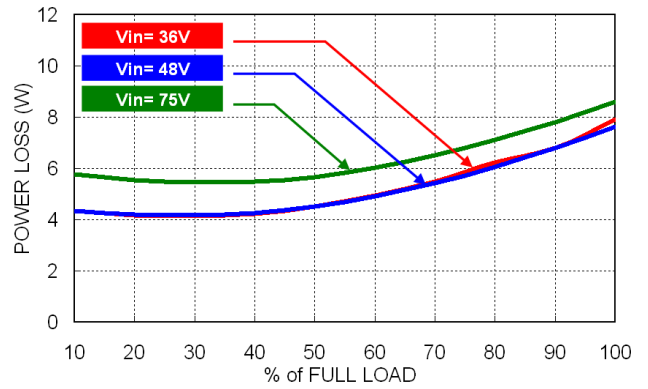Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load
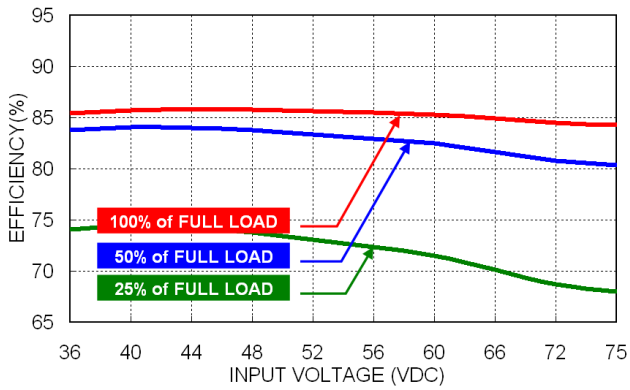
Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-24S24
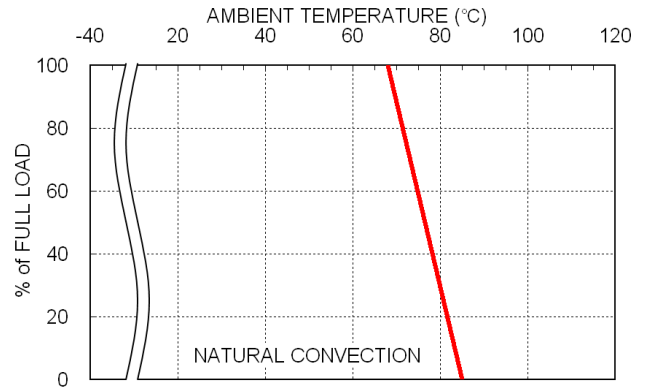

Efficiency versus Output Load

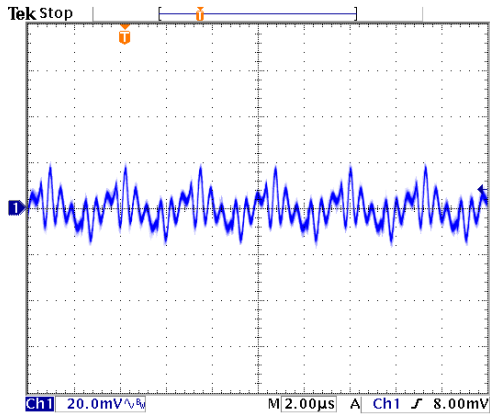Power Dissipation versus Output Load

Efficiency versus Input Voltage

Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
Vin(nom)

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-24S24

Typical Output Ripple and Noise.
Vin(nom); Full Load

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from
100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load; Vin(nom)

Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-48S3P3

Efficiency versus Output Load

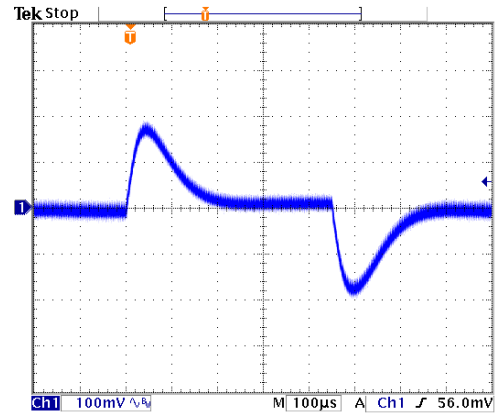Power Dissipation versus Output Load

Efficiency versus Input Voltage

Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow Vin(nom)
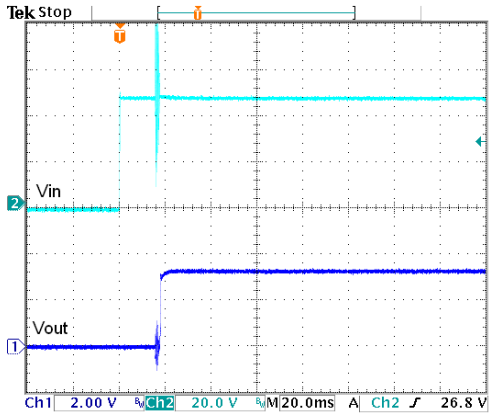
Characteristic Curves (Continued)

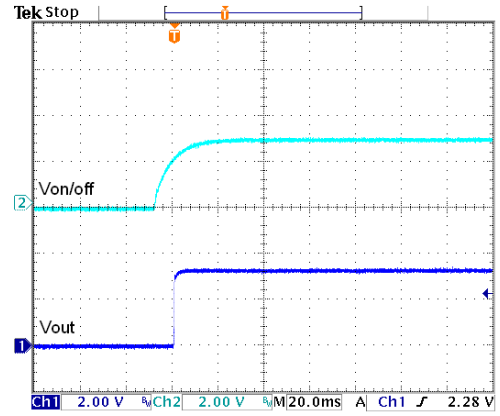All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-48S3P3

Typical Output Ripple and Noise.
Vin(nom); Full Load

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from
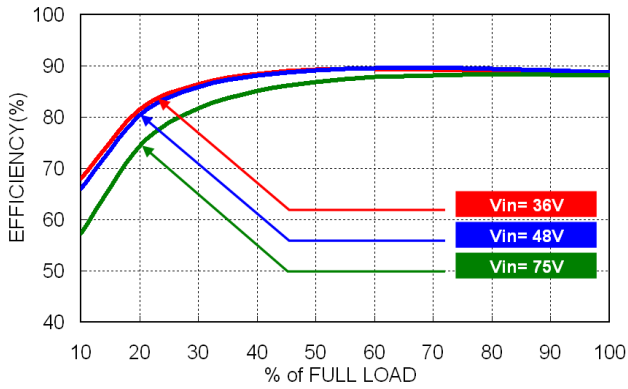100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load; Vin(nom)

Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
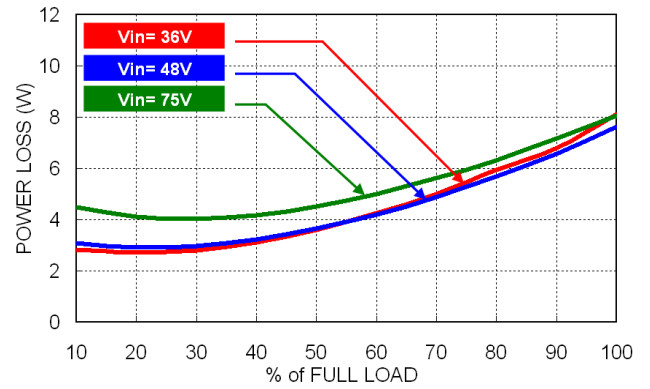Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
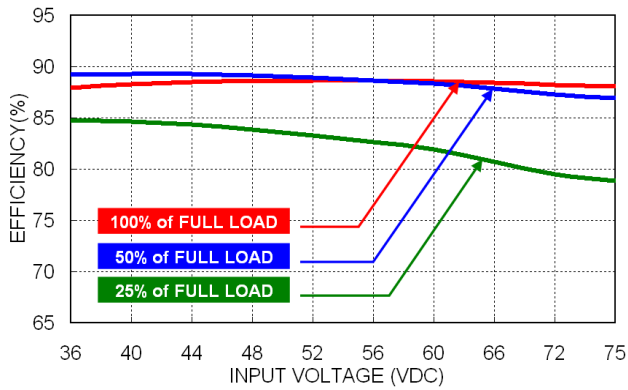Vin(nom); Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

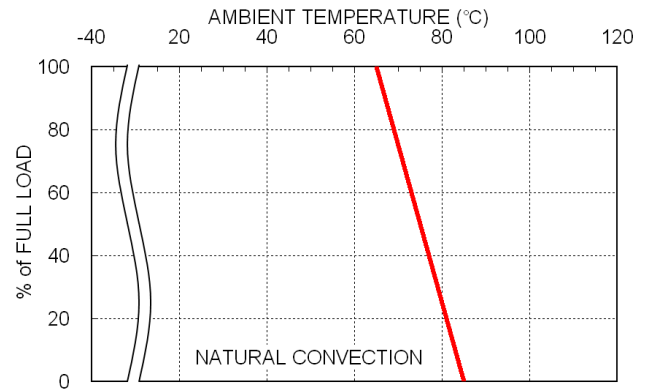All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-48S05

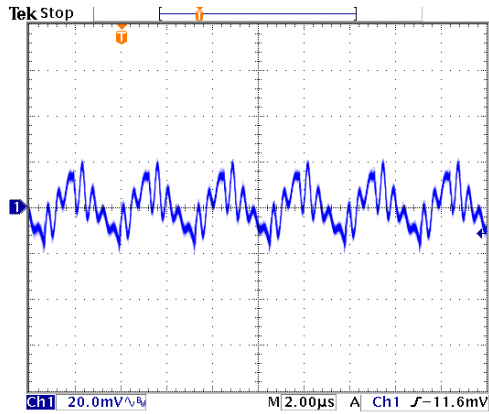Efficiency versus Output Load

Power Dissipation versus Output Load

Efficiency versus Input Voltage
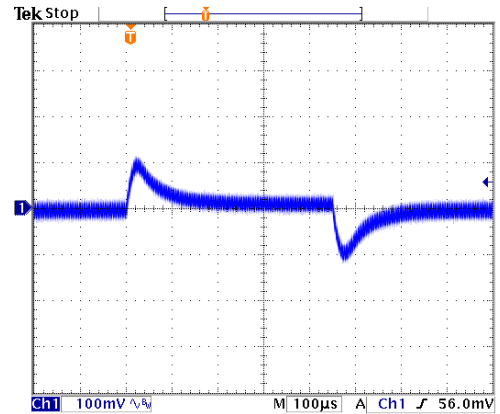

Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
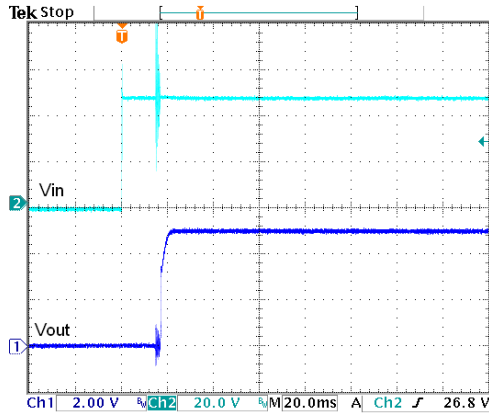Vin(nom)

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

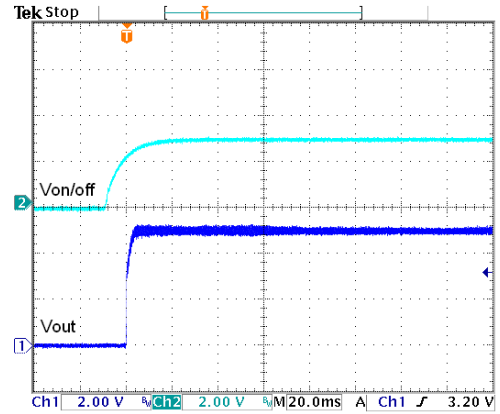All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-48S05

Typical Output Ripple and Noise.
Vin(nom); Full Load

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from
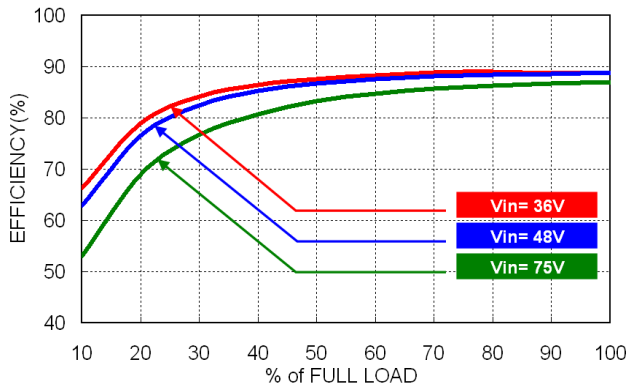100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load; Vin(nom)

Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-48S12

Efficiency versus Output Load

Power Dissipation versus Output Load

Efficiency versus Input Voltage

Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
Vin(nom)

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-48S12

Typical Output Ripple and Noise.
Vin(nom); Full Load

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from
100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load; Vin(nom)

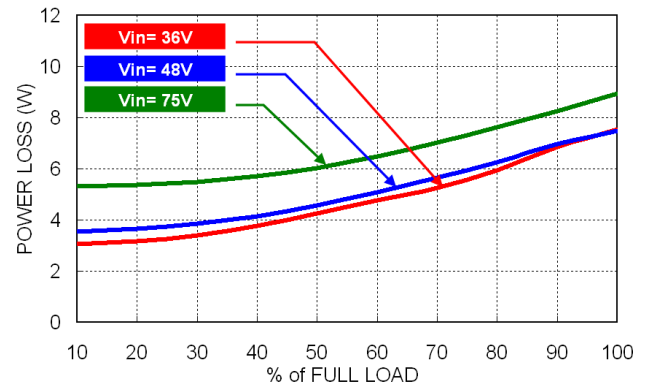Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load

Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load
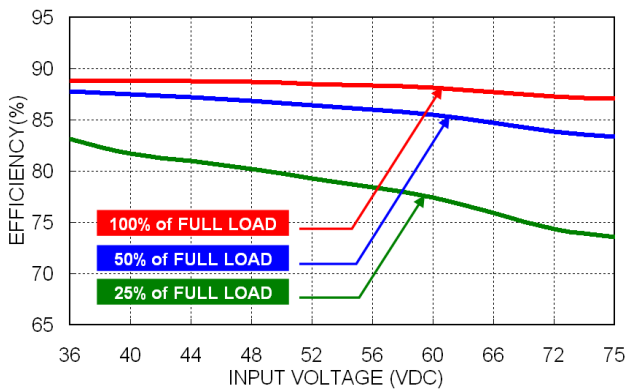
Characteristic Curves (Continued)

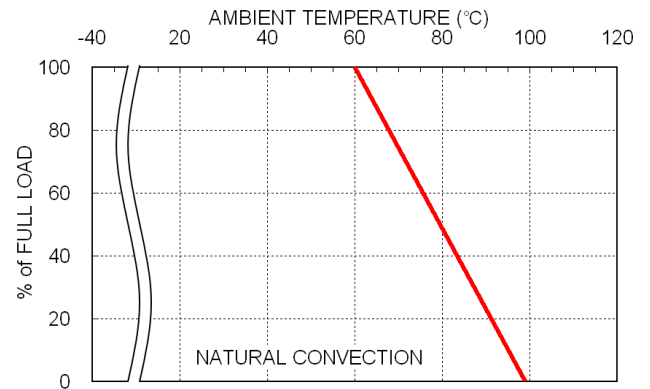All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-48S15

Efficiency versus Output Load
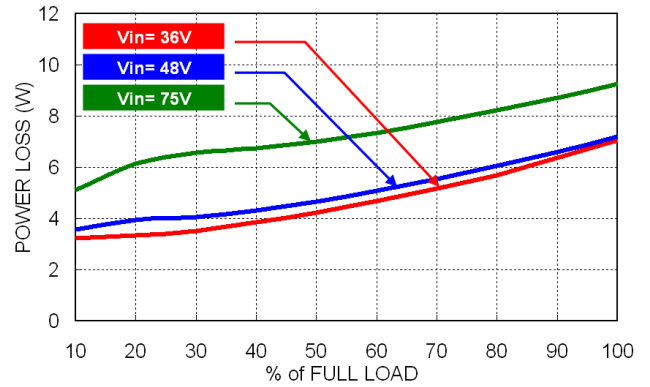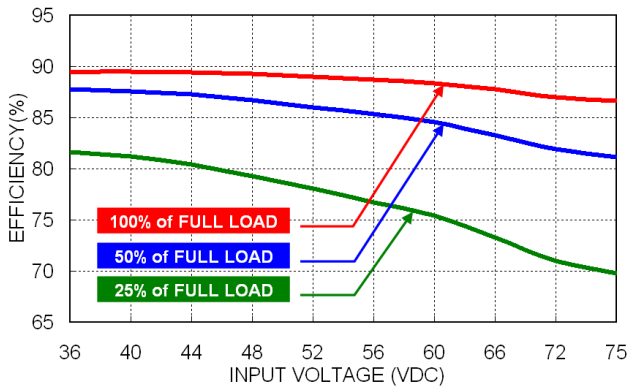
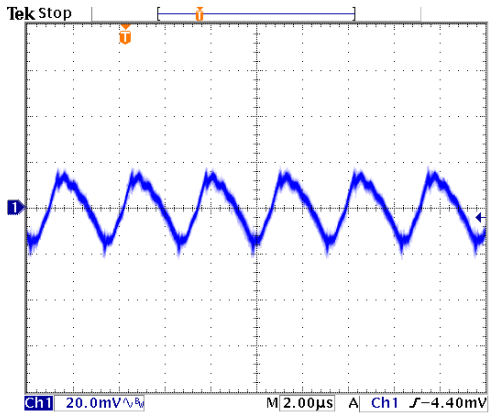Power Dissipation versus Output Load

Efficiency versus Input Voltage
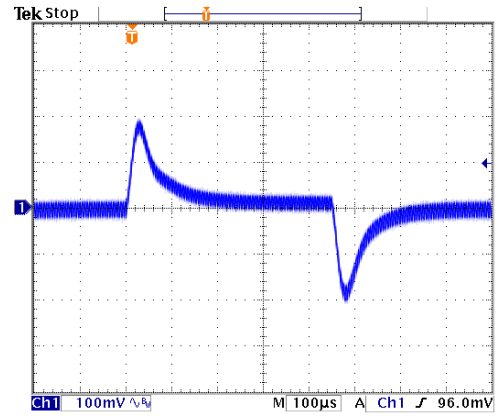

Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
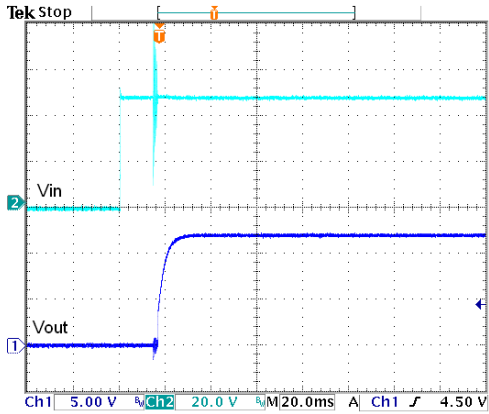Vin(nom)

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

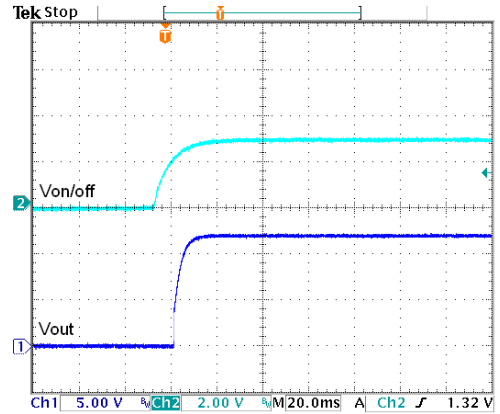All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-48S15

Typical Output Ripple and Noise.
Vin(nom); Full Load
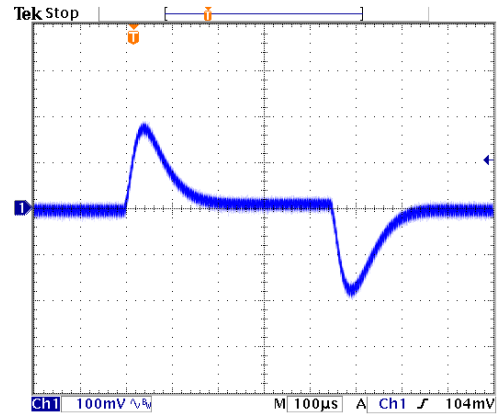
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from
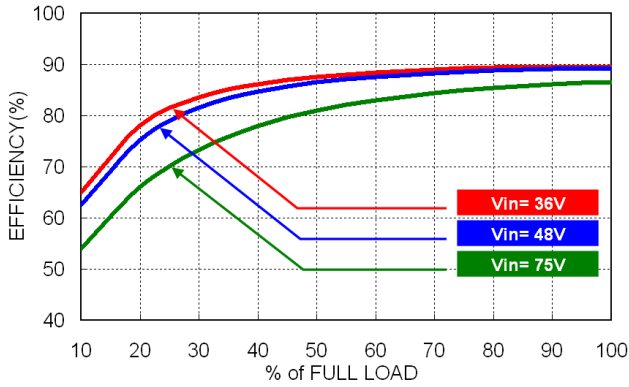100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load; Vin(nom)
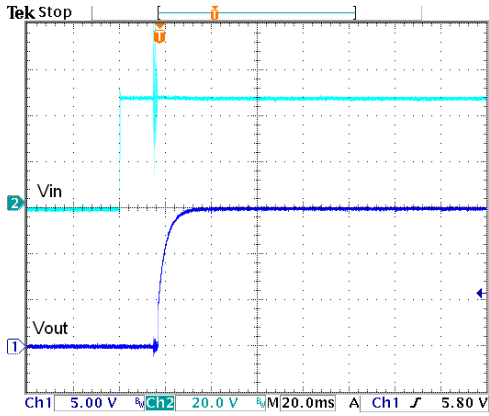
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load
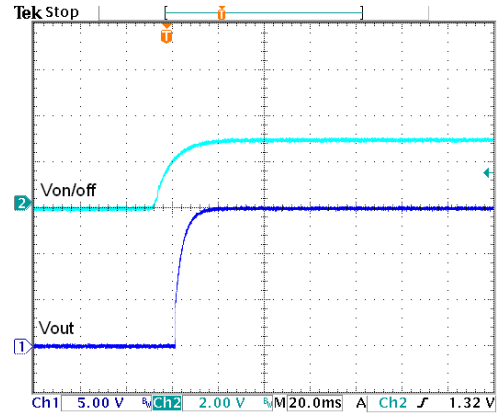
Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-48S24

Efficiency versus Output Load

Power Dissipation versus Output Load

Efficiency versus Input Voltage
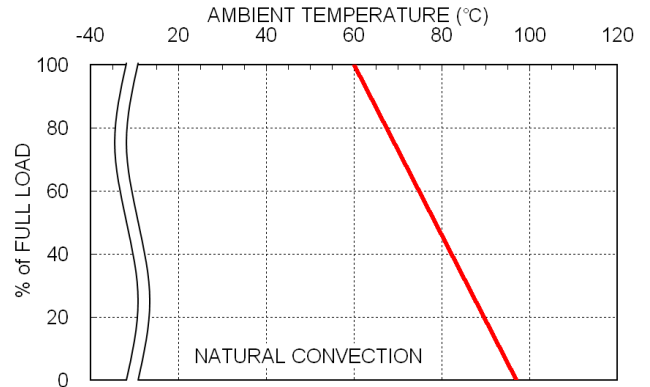
Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow
Vin(nom)

Characteristic Curves (Continued)

All test conditions are at 25℃.The figures are for DPX60-48S24
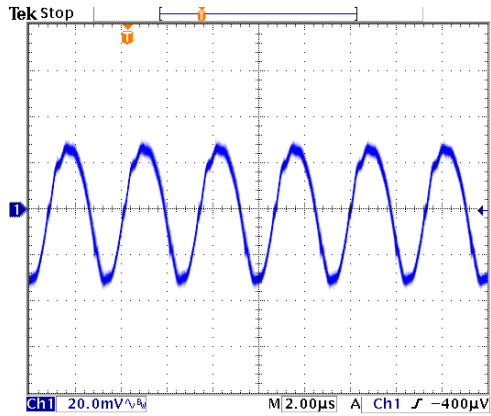
Typical Output Ripple and Noise.
Vin(nom); Full Load
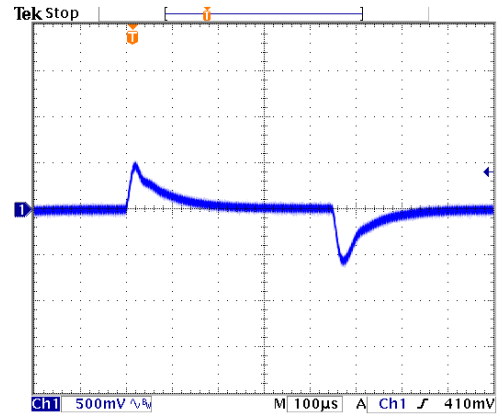
Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from
100% to 75% to 100% of Full Load; Vin(nom)
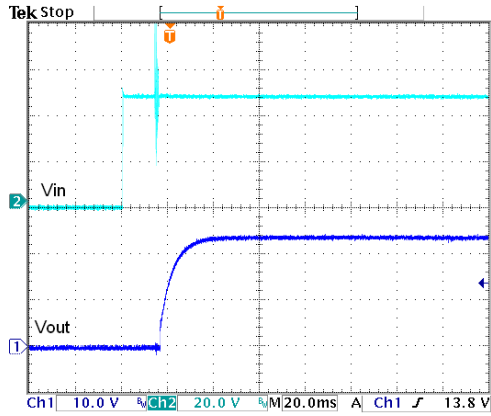
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
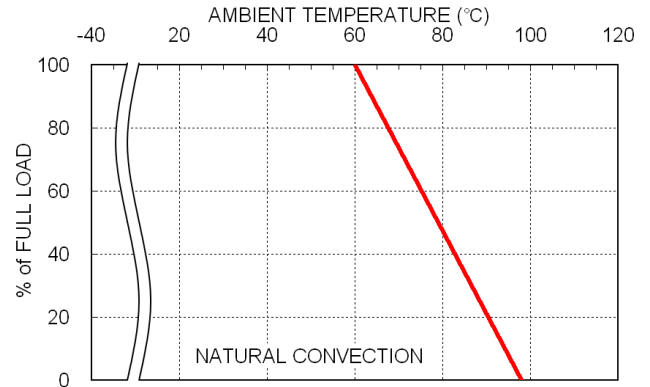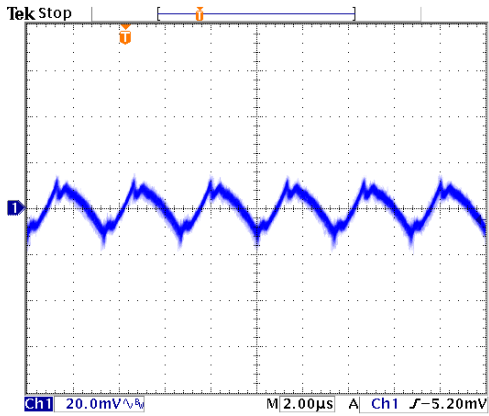Vin(nom); Full Load
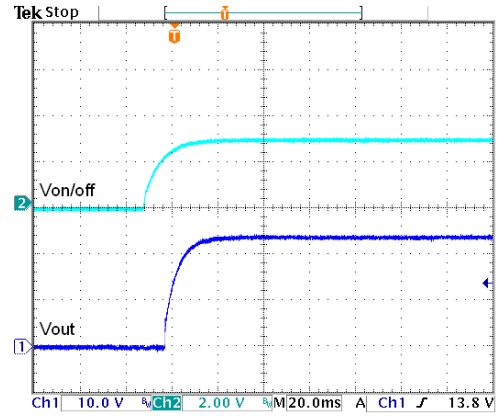
Using ON/OFF Voltage Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic
Vin(nom); Full Load

Input Source Impedance

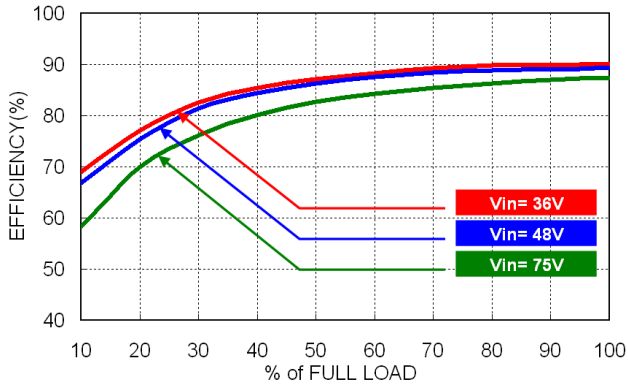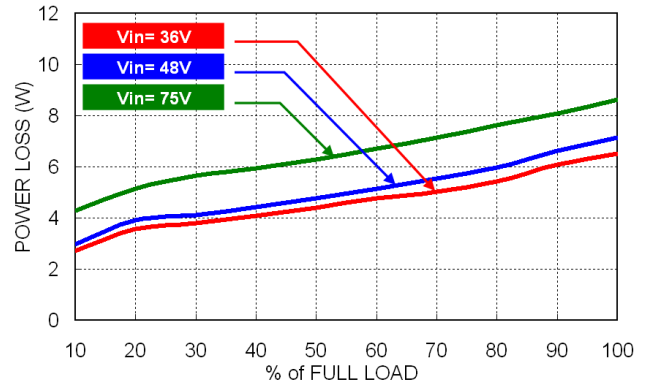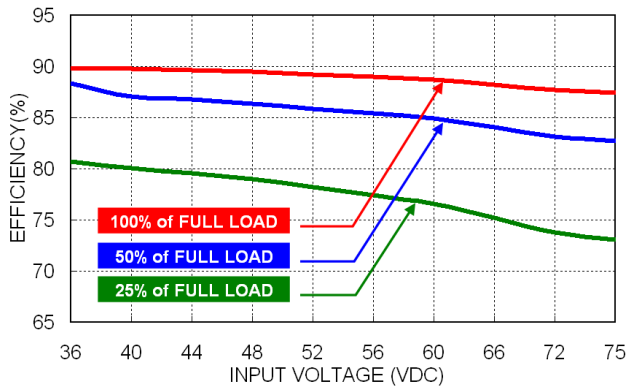The power module should be connected to a low impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedance can affect the stability of the power module. The input reflected-ripple current measurement configuration is shown below:

Input reflected-ripple current measurement setup
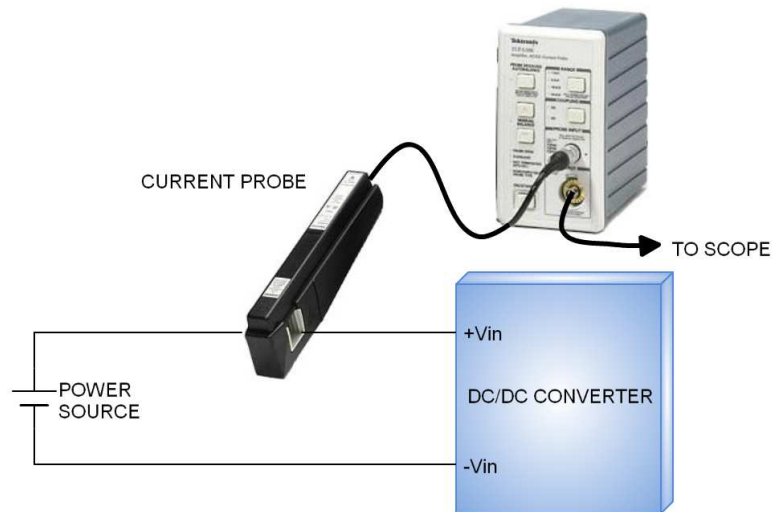
Output Over Current Protection

When excessive output currents occur in the system, circuit protection is required on all power supplies. Normally, overload current is maintained at approximately 150 percent of rated current for DPX60-xxSxx series.

Hiccup-mode is a method of operation in a power supply whose purpose is to protect the power supply from being damaged during an over-current fault condition. It also enables the power supply to restart when the fault is removed. There are other ways of protecting the power supply when it is over-loaded, such as the maximum current limiting or current fold-back methods.

One of the problems resulting from over current is that excessive heat may be generated in power devices; especially MOSFET and Schottky diodes and the temperature of those devices may exceed their specified limits. A protection mechanism has to be used to prevent those power devices from being damaged.

The operation of hiccup is as follows. When the current sense circuit sees an over-current event, the controller shuts off the power supply for a given time and then tries to start up the power supply again. If the over-load condition has been removed, the power supply will start up and operate normally; otherwise, the controller will see another over-current event and shut off the power supply again, repeating the previous cycle. Hiccup operation has none of the drawbacks of the other two protection methods, although its circuit is more complicated because it requires a timing circuit. The excess heat due to overload lasts for only a short duration in the hiccup cycle, hence the junction temperature of the power devices is much lower.

The hiccup operation can be done in various ways. For example, one can start hiccup operation any time an over-current event is detected; or prohibit hiccup during a designated start-up is usually larger than during normal operation and it is easier for an over-current event is detected; or prohibit hiccup during a designated start-up interval (usually a few milliseconds). The reason for the latter operation is that during start-up, the power supply needs to provide extra current to charge up the output capacitor. Thus the current demand during start-up is usually larger than during normal operation and it is easier for an over-current event to occur. If the power supply starts to hiccup once there is an over-current, it might never start up successfully. Hiccup mode protection will give the best protection for a power supply against over current situations, since it will limit the average current to the load at a low level, so reducing power dissipation and case temperature in the power devices.

Output Short Circuit Protection

Continuous and auto-recovery mode.
During a short circuit, the converter will shut down. The average current during this condition will be very low.

Output Over Voltage Protection

The output over-voltage protection consists of an output Zener diode that monitors the voltage at the output terminals. If the voltage at the output terminals exceeds the over-voltage protection threshold, then the Zener diode clamps the output voltage.

Remote On/off Control

The Ctrl Pin is used to turn the DC/DC power module on and off. The user must use a switch to control the logic voltage (high or low) level of the pin referenced to -Vin. The switch can be an open collector transistor, FET, or Photo-Coupler. The switch must be capable of sinking up to 1 mA at low-level logic voltage. A High-level logic of the Ctrl pin signal should be limited to a maximum voltage of 12V and a maximum current of 0.5 mA.
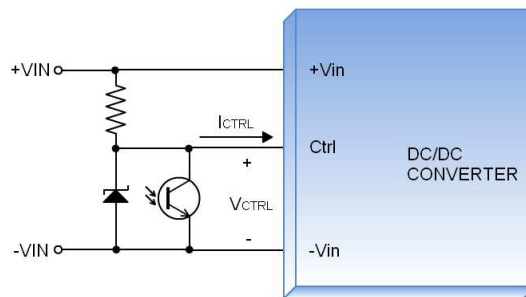
Remote ON/OFF Implementation
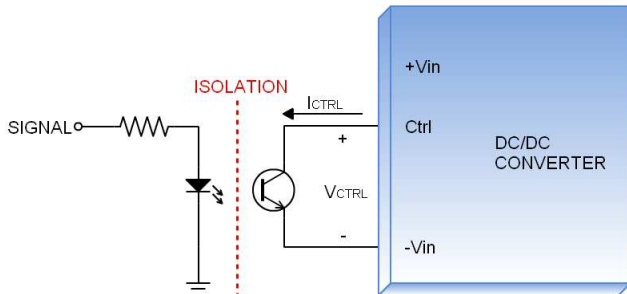
Isolated-Closure Remote ON/OFF
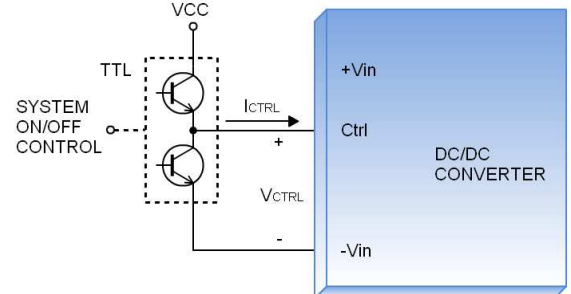
Level Control Using TTL Output

Level Control Using Line Voltage

There are two remote control options available, positive logic (optional) and negative logic (optional).
a. The positive logic structure turns on the DC/DC module when the Ctrl pin is at high- logic level and turns the module off using a low-logic level.
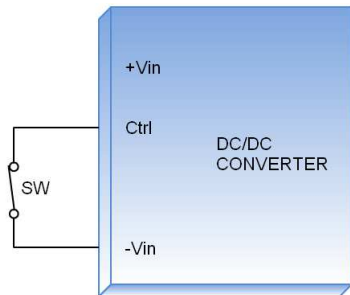
When DPX60-xxSxx-P module is turned off
using a Low- logic level
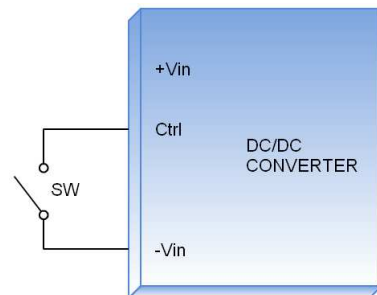
When DPX60-xxSxx-P module is turned on
using a High- logic level

b. The negative logic structure turns on the DC/DC module when the Ctrl pin is at low- logic level and turns the module off when using a high-level logic.

When DPX60-xxSxx-N module is turned on
using a Low- logic level

When DPX60-xxSxx-N module is turned off
using a High-logic level

EMS Considerations

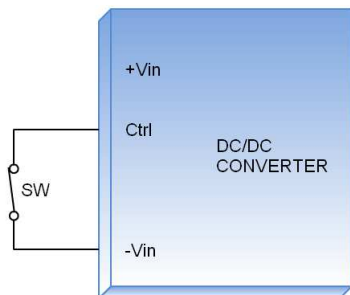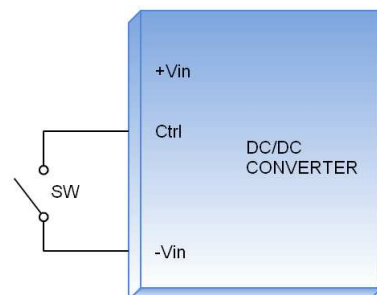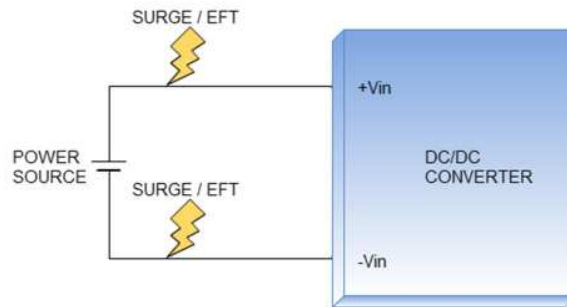The DPX60 series can meet Fast Transient EN61000-4-4 and Surge EN61000-4-5 performance criteria A. Please see the following schematic.

Mechanical Data

LEFT VIEW   FRONT VIEW   RIGHT VIEW

0.94(24.0)

4.90(124.5)

2.27(57.6)

0.200(5.08)

5 6 7 8

1 2 3 4

Output ON LED
Voltage Adj.
Terminal screw

BOTTOM VIEW
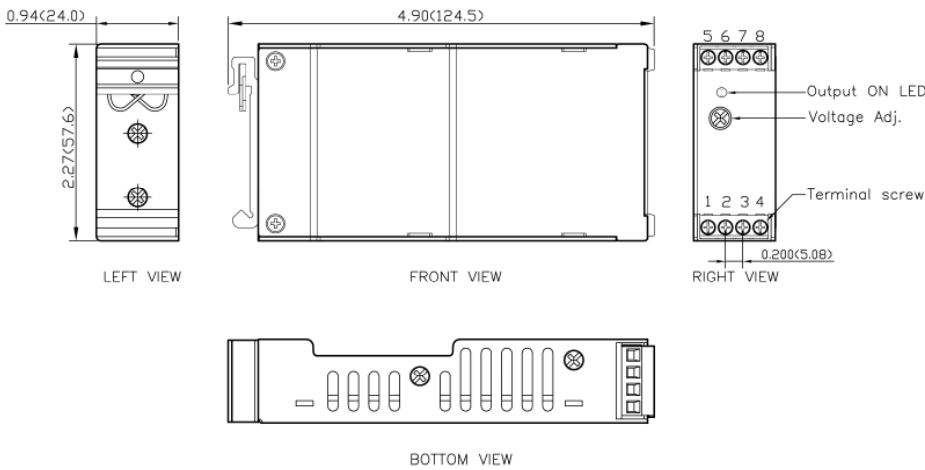
PIN CONNECTION

PIN	FUNCTION
1	Ctrl
2	-Vin
3	-Vin
4	+Vin
5	NC
6	-Vout
7	+Vout
8	NC

* NC : No Connection
* Screw terminals–wire range from 14 to 18 AWG

1. All dimensions in inch (mm)
2. Tolerance :   X.XX±0.02 (X.X±0.5)
                  X.XXX±0.01 (X.XX±0.25)
3. Terminal screw locked torque :
   MAX 2.5kgf—cm (0.25N—m)

Packaging Information

5.98(152.0)

3.19(81.0)

1.38(35.0)
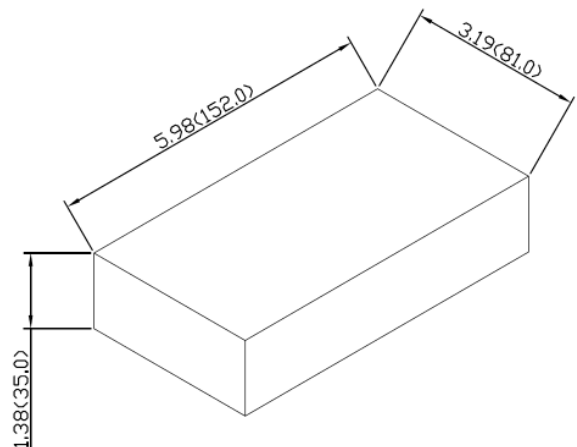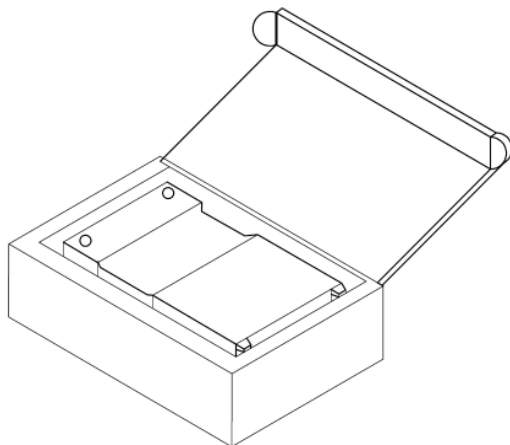
1PCS / BOX
All dimensions in mm

Part Number Structure

DPX60	-	48	S	05	-	N
Series Name		Input Voltage (VDC)	Output Quantity	Output Voltage (VDC)		Remote Control options
		24: 18~36	S: Single	3P3: 3.3		P: Positive logic
		48: 36~75		05: 5		N: Negative logic
				12: 12		
				15: 15		
				24: 24		

Model Number	Input Range	Output Voltage	Output Current @Full Load	Input Current @ No Load	Efficiency	Maximum Capacitor Load
	VDC	VDC	A	mA	%	µF
DPX60-24S3P3	18 ~ 36	3.3	14	104	87	36000
DPX60-24S05	18 ~ 36	5	12	134	88	20400
DPX60-24S12	18 ~ 36	12	5	59	88	3550
DPX60-24S15	18 ~ 36	15	4	74	88	2300
DPX60-24S24	18 ~ 36	24	2.5	76	87	885
DPX60-48S3P3	36 ~ 75	3.3	14	102	87	36000
DPX60-48S05	36 ~ 75	5	12	94	89	20400
DPX60-48S12	36 ~ 75	12	5	37	88	3550
DPX60-48S15	36 ~ 75	15	4	42	88	2300
DPX60-48S24	36 ~ 75	24	2.5	45	88	885

MTBF and Reliability

The MTBF of DPX60-xxSxx series of DC/DC converters has been calculated using MIL-HDBK 217F NOTICE2 FULL LOAD, Tc=70℃. The resulting figure for MTBF is 5.296×10^5 hours.